

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1880.

(Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at Salem, N. C.)

THE PEOPLE'S PRESS
FOR 18 0.

ENLARGED AND IMPROVED.

\$1.50 A YEAR.

Ten Cents a Month till End of Year.

The Press entered its twenty-eighth (28th) volume on January 1st, 1880. Now is the time to subscribe. It will be our endeavor to make the Press more interesting and entertaining than ever.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM,
Salem, N. C., Jan. 1, 1880.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.
FOR PRESIDENT,
WINFIELD SCOTT HANCOCK,
of Pennsylvania.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM H. ENGLISH,
of Indiana.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.
FOR GOVERNOR—Thomas J. Jarvis.
FOR LIEUT. GOV.—James L. Robinson.
FOR ATTORNEY GEN.—Wm. L. Saunders.
FOR STATE TREAS.—Thos. S. Kenan.
FOR STATE AGENT—John M. Worth.
FOR ATTORNEY—W. F. Roberts.
FOR SCRP. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION—J. C. Scarborough.

Electors for the State at Large—Jas. Madison Leach and F. H. Busbee.

FOR ELECTOR, 7th DISTRICT—T. F. Klutz.
FOR CONGRESS, 7th DISTRICT—R. F. Armfield.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.
FOR SENATE—W. B. Glenn.
FOR HOUSE OF COMMONS—R. S. Linville.
FOR SHERIFF—J. G. Hill.
FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS—D. P. Mast.
FOR TREASURER—C. J. Ogburn.
FOR SHERIFF—M. H. Morris.
FOR CORONER—H. R. Lehman.

Appointments.
A. H. Joyce and W. B. Glenn, Republican and Democratic candidates for the Senate, will address the people of Stokes and Forsyth at the following times and places:

Ben. Hampton's Thursday, " 21st.
Bethania, Friday, " 22nd.
Alon Stewart's, Saturday, " 23rd.

—Only a few weeks till the Presidential Election. Register! Register! Register!!! Let no young voter fail to see to it that his name is on the poll books in his proper township.

The Elections.
The result of the elections in West Virginia, Indiana and Ohio, on Tuesday of last week, is as follows:

Indiana, Republican, from 5000 to 6000.
Ohio, Republican, from 12,000 to 15,000.

West Virginia, Democratic, by 10,000. From extracts from papers given elsewhere, it will be seen that the Democrats are by no means discouraged, although somewhat disappointed at the election in Indiana. It is believed that Indiana will go for Hancock in November, and hopes are also entertained for Ohio.

Hancock can be elected however without Indiana or Ohio.

Unprecedented frauds were perpetrated in the Ohio and Indiana elections which will be guarded against in the Presidential election.

The Democrats in those States are hard at work, and there will be no cessation of labor till after the election.

New York, Oct. 14.—The following was received last night at the headquarters of the Democratic National Committee:

LEWISAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 14th.—To Hon. Wm. H. Barnum, New York: "In this contest we have encountered the resources of the whole Republican party of the United States, and have suffered a temporary defeat. In November we shall encounter only the Republican party of Indiana without the machinery of the United States deputy marshals and we confidently expect to carry the State."

(Signed.) Wm. H. ENGLISH.

THE TICKETS.—Remember there will be nine boxes at the election on the second day of November, and persons who desire to vote in every box must have nine different tickets, as follows:

One for Governor and State officers.
One for Presidential electors.
One for member of Congress.
One for Judges for the fourth and fifth judicial districts.

One for Senator and members of the House of Representatives.
One for county officers.
One for township constable.
One for or against the proposed amendments to the constitution.

—Charlotte Observer.

We print the election law in this issue.

Beware of Falsehoods.—The people should beware of falsehoods which are being circulated by Republican politicians. As the end of the campaign approaches, the opportunities of correcting them diminish and falsehoods will become numerous and more industriously circulated. Beware!

—The address issued by the National Democratic Committee, which appears in this paper is an incentive to hope, and an encouragement to action.

The adverse results in Indiana and Ohio should not discourage any supporters of Gen. Hancock, as he was not in the race.

Let every Democratic vote be secured in North Carolina and elsewhere.

—The news is that the Democrats generally, everywhere, are determined to work harder than ever to carry the November election.

Snow Storms.—A terrific storm prevailed all day on the 16th, in Chicago, blowing down houses and doing much damage otherwise.

In Wisconsin on the same day, the severest storm ever experienced in the Milwaukee region. Dispatches from the La Crosse say the storm along the Southern Minnesota Railroad was the worst known in years. Passenger and freight trains along the line were blocked in snow drifts ten and twelve feet deep. There has been a great destruction in stock.

—In the case of DeJarnette, convicted of murder of his sister, and sentenced to be hanged on the 29th instant, the Supreme Court of Appeals have awarded a writ of error and supersedeas, and will hear the case at Richmond in December next.

—For the election of Hancock we will need, in addition to the South and New Jersey and New York, only one other State. From the above statement it would appear that the prospect is much more favorable to us than to the Republicans. If there be anything in the idea that the Northern people and Northern soldiers would vote for Gen. Hancock in preference to voting for a civilian like Tilden, we will carry several more States than we need to secure his election. Connecticut however, will answer every purpose, and we will certainly get her vote.

Gen. Hancock's Views.—A reporter inquired of General Hancock if he thought that the Republican victory in the State election in Indiana was any good reason for believing that the State would go Republican in the Presidential election. "No reason at all," was the emphatic reply. "There were local issues at stake in Indiana which would have no effect in a national political contest."

—Garfield is a bitter, malignant and vindictive hater of the South. In 1865, in Congress, he said, "Consecrate their estates both personal and real, for life and forever. The war began by proclamation, and it must end by proclamation."

We can hold the insurgent States in military subjection for half a century if need be. I want to see in all those States the men who fought and suffered for the truth tilling the fields on which they pitched their tents."

—The Washington Post says Gen. Vance has recommended that Mr. LeDeue, Commissioner of Agriculture, test the cultivation of ginseng in the mountains of North Carolina. Some years ago Mr. P. J. Smith, of Asheville, began the cultivation of ginseng in Madison county, but removing to Asheville he did not carry the test to a success. The plant is worth in China \$2 per pound, and if it can be cultivated in the Blue Ridge range, may become a source of wealth exceeding that of tobacco.

—About the largest any of the wheat crops raised in Catawba this season was that of Mr. Robt. P. Reinhardt, 1800 bushels, all of which is of the very best quality. He also raised 16 acres in oats 600 bushels.—Richmond Press.

—One of W. D. McAdoo's special pets is a Russian blood-hound somewhat smaller than the "boy" elephant that figured in Robinson's circus. In color the dog is variegated. We would go round a forty acre lot to avoid an introduction to him.

Vote for President Since 1866.
The following table will afford opportunity for study to those interested in the relations of the popular vote to the electoral vote for President in past years:

Year	Popular	Electoral
1866	1,761,549	170
1868	1,736,656	124
1870	1,736,656	124
1872	1,736,656	124
1874	1,736,656	124
1876	1,736,656	124
1878	1,736,656	124
1880	1,736,656	124

1836. Popular. Electoral.
Martin Van Buren, 761,549 170.
All others, 736,656 124.

1840. Popular. Electoral.
Wm. H. Harrison, 1,275,011 234.
M. Van Buren, 1,128,702 60.

1844. Popular. Electoral.
James K. Polk, 1,337,243 170.
All others, 1,351,362 105.

1848. Popular. Electoral.
Zachary Taylor, 1,360,099 163.
All others, 1,411,807 127.

1852. Popular. Electoral.
Franklin Pierce, 1,601,474 254.
All others, 1,542,403 42.

1856. Popular. Electoral.
James Buchanan, 1,838,169 174.
All others, 2,215,798 122.

1860. Popular. Electoral.
Abraham Lincoln, 1,866,352 180.
All others, 1,810,501 124.

1864. Popular. Electoral.
Abraham Lincoln, 2,216,067 213.
All others, 1,808,725 21.

1868. Popular. Electoral.
Ulysses S. Grant, 3,593,367 214.
Horatio Seymour, 2,709,613 80.

1872. Popular. Electoral.
Ulysses S. Grant, 3,587,578 286.
All others, 2,890,756 70.

1876. Popular. Electoral.
Rutherford B. Hayes, 4,033,960 185.
Samuel J. Tilden, 4,284,757 184.

1880. Popular. Electoral.
Peter Cooper, 81,740 1.
Green Clay Smith, 9,522 1.
All others, 2,636 1.

—This is State Fair week, and we hope the Fair may prove a success in every way. We fear there is not so much interest taken in the Fair outside of Raleigh, as in former years, although the display of the articles, usually on exhibition on such occasions, is represented as creditable.

—There is a colored woman in the Rutherford poor-house 112 years of age. She can yet walk about.

—We learn that illegal attempts of registration have been made by persons who are here only "looking for jobs," the homes of themselves and families being elsewhere. Look out!

—Let every Democrat work ceaselessly till after the election, in order that every Democratic vote be secured.

—It was Landers and not Hancock that was defeated in Indiana last Tuesday. It was Porter not Garfield that was elected.—Remember this.

—Let our late defeat in Indiana only nerve us for a heavier and a more determined fight in November. Remember the election occurs on TUESDAY NOV. 2.

REPULSED, NOT DEFEATED!

The Rallying Cry of the National Democracy.

AN ADDRESS FROM THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE TO THEIR CONSTITUENTS ON THE RESULT OF THE OCTOBER ELECTIONS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—The Democratic national executive committee is in session this afternoon at the Democratic headquarters. Among the members present are Senator Barnum and Messrs. Scott, of Pennsylvania, Smalley, of Vermont, Hewitt, of New York, Barnes, of Georgia, and Cleveland, of New Jersey. The result of the October elections and the prosecution of the campaign are, it is understood, the subjects under consideration.

Governor Wiltz, of Louisiana, and Daniel Dougherty were also in consultation. The situation of the campaign was discussed in detail, and the following address was adopted:

To the Democratic and Conservative Voters of the Country:

The election of President and Vice-President is now before you. State and local dissensions are eliminated from the issues of the day. The magnitude of a victory or a defeat can only be estimated by the force and means employed in securing it. By fraud and corruption the people of the country were defeated in their purpose in 1876, and the rightfully elected President was kept from office. With the combined capital of the Republican party, aided by repeated assessments upon the army of officeholders, with the power of the Federal government represented by United States marshals at the polls, with intimidation, fraud and a resort to every corrupt appliance known to Republican methods concentrated in two States, our adversaries have succeeded in procuring the probable return of their local candidates. Can it be possible that in every State throughout this broad land the same methods can be brought to bear that were used by the Republican managers in Indiana and Ohio? Can the great States of New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Colorado, Nevada and New Hampshire be bought, intimidated and defrauded? Even without the vote of Indiana, which we believe will be redeemed in November, with New York and New Jersey and the States that are conceded to us, including Maine, the election of our candidate is assured.

The Republican party have put in nomination for President and Vice-President two men who, by the admission of their own party and press, are unworthy of your confidence and your suffrages. It is impossible that fifty millions of intelligent and patriotic people will consent to place themselves upon the humiliating level thus prepared for them by the Republican managers.

Fellow citizens, the first day's repulse ended on the 3rd, with Hancock in the front in glorious victory. That victory secured us our Union. The question is not now the preservation of the Union, but of constitutional government. Hancock is now, as then, in front. The repulse is now, as then, an omen of victory, which will secure to coming generations the inestimable blessing of civil liberty.

By order of the National Democratic Committee.

WM. H. BARNUM,
Chairman.

Riots North.—There was a political riot at Wilmington, Delaware, on Saturday night last, where a Democratic procession was attacked by negroes, and several persons wounded. Fire-arms and stones were used indiscriminately.

The trouble seems to have been caused by a Democratic procession passing by the Higgins (colored) club headquarters, where a festival of some kind gotten up by two colored women, was in progress.

For some time the police were powerless to disperse the negroes. They finally promised to disperse, but did not do so. Next morning at 9 o'clock a squad of police were sent down to disperse a large crowd of negroes gathered at Ninth and Walnut streets. As the officers came up a mislaid opened fire on them from an alley, and several shots were fired by others in the crowd. Special officer Hugh Shields was shot in the thumb by the accidental discharge of a revolver he was wrenching from one of the negroes. Patrolman Cannon was struck on the head by a brick and disabled from duty. The police grabbed one prisoner and dispersed the rioters. Then guards were placed on duty. Mayor Allmond has been urged to forbid night parades in the future, but doubts his authority to do so. The city council will be petitioned to take some action, as it is feared that a future night parade would be attended with serious loss of life.

—"No change in the administration of the government" is what the election in Indiana means, say the Republican papers.

That is a false assumption.

In 1876, when there was an honest expression of opinion in the State, Indiana gave Tilden over five thousand majority.

Five thousand negroes have been colonized in the State and made voters since 1876.

In 1876 no repeaters, ruffians, and thieves were sent from Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, and New York to debauch the ballot box.

In 1876 the millinaires of Boston, Philadelphia and New York did not raise a corruption fund of more than a million dollars by means of which these criminals and thieves and imported voters were transported and maintained and votes were bought all over the State.

In 1876 it was an honest election. As then interpreted it meant reform and retrenchment and a change of administration.

In October, 1880, it means the triumph of FRAUD.—Charlotte Observer.

—J. N. Bick, of Toledo, Ohio, says: My father, before wearing the "Only" Lung Pad, could not sleep nights on account of his violent coughing, since wearing it he has slept soundly every night.—See Ad.

—Mr. Sherman does not consider the Presidential matter settled. He says in a speech at Chicago, the Presidential election is transferred from the October States to each and every State in the Union. The drift and current of public opinion, though very hopeful for the Republican party, are not so decisive but that the people of every State must now diligently and actively take their part in the great canvass this fall, which in my judgment, is of greater importance than any since the election of Abraham Lincoln in 1860. It is the turning point which will settle for many years the ascendancy and drift of political events.

Let every Democrat go to the polls and show his faith by works.

—If the Democracy will stand up and pull altogether there is no doubt victory will perch on the Democratic banner. Carelessness, over confidence and selfish squabbles wrought defeat in Indiana a few days since, and the same result might happen elsewhere, if the whole Democracy do not come out, press forward and fight. That is the way to win. REGISTER AND VOTE. Below we give Republican opinions which show how things are received and we should take advantage of it.

Eugene Hale finds a principle of good in things evil, and lays the flattering unction to his soul that "Our victory in Vermont lost us Maine, our defeat in Maine saves us Ohio."—Chicago Times.

On this principle their victory in Ohio and Indiana Tuesday will give us Hancock in November.—Charlotte Observer.

Sentenced for Violating the Internal Revenue Laws.

The following parties tried and convicted at the present term of the U. S. District Court held in Greensboro, were sentenced by Judge Dick, and are now serving their terms in the county jail:

Samuel Coble, of Guilford county, charged with retailing whiskey without license, sentenced for nine months; Richard Lankford, of Stokes county, for illicit distilling, ten months; J. J. Moore, of Moore county, illicit distilling, ten months; J. Nelson, of Stokes county, retailing whiskey without license, six months; J. R. Martin, of Stokes county, illicit distilling, nine months; Sandy Ryan, of Guilford county, illicit distilling, ten months.

Nelson Alred, of Randolph county, convicted of counterfeiting, is in jail awaiting sentence.

In addition to these there are the following State prisoners: Arthur Mendenhall and W. M. Alberson, of this county, convicted at last term of Superior Court of throwing stones and shooting at trains on the N. C. Railroad, sentenced to six months imprisonment, and a colored woman named Lou Hargrave, serving sentence of twelve months for larceny.

A Republican's Opinion of Hancock.

Every reader of political news knows that Gen. Daniel E. Sickles has been one of the most determined Republicans in the country for the past twenty years, and a staunch friend of Lincoln and Grant; but he cannot endorse the malicious conduct of the present Republican leaders, and therefore has declared in favor of the election of Hancock. We make the following extract from his letter dated New York, Oct. 6th:

"Five millions votes will be cast for Gen. Hancock. He will have the support of the respectable and influential part of the population of every State in the Union. And although the greater portion of his votes will come from the North and East and West, it will represent in the aggregate every section and interest of a united country as they have not been represented by any Executive since the war. All parts of the Union should share the prosperity we now enjoy. There is no doubt that the political agitation in the South, growing out of apprehended interference in their local government, and absorbing the attention of the Southern people during the past fifteen years, has seriously retarded improvement in their condition. All fears would be tranquillized by four years of Hancock's conservative administration, and a general revival of enterprise, activity and thrift would be seen throughout the new South—the South of 1880—greatly to the advantage of the whole country."

The North means to hold fast to the results of the war. These are embodied in the recent amendments to the Constitution. Gen. Hancock declares them to be inviolable. The South says, Amen. So be it. Let us make this a compact by electing Hancock and so put an end to all further controversy about the fundamental questions settled by the law of secession. Let the decree be written in Hancock's own words: "When rebellion was crushed the heresy of secession in every form and in every incident went down for ever. It is a thing of the dead past."

All we need in the Executive is an honest intelligent administration of the Government. It is a mistake to suppose that Gen. Hancock is without preparation or experience to qualify him for Executive duties. No man without administrative ability can successfully fill the great military offices Gen. Hancock has held during the past eighteen years. His present military jurisdiction embraces seventeen States—from Maine to Louisiana—and whatever form of rebellion he has in the field or dealing with the difficult questions incident to reconstruction in the

South, or in restoring tranquility to Pennsylvania, overrun by mobs and disturbed by riots, he has always shown the discrimination, discretion and tact which points out the man of executive capacity.—Charlotte Democrat.

STATE ITEMS.

—Capt. Geo. P. Oats, of Jamestown, in Guilford county, well known as a mining superintendent in this State, died of apoplexy on the 11th of September, in South America, where for several years he has been in charge of a gold mine.

—Diphtheria is raging in Pender county. Mr. Jos. H. Walker's family was the first to be attacked. He lost four children and one grandchild in about eight days. These all died in one house, and their ages ranged from two and a half to sixteen years.

—Frank Venable, of the University of Virginia and the German University of Bonn, the son of Prof. Chas. S. Venable of Virginia, has been elected Professor of Chemistry at Chapel Hill. He is fully competent and has accepted.—Recorder.

—There are now in the Penitentiary 384 convicts. Of these 240 are colored and 44 white. There are 246 males and 38 females. Of the females only one is white. She is a murderess, and is in for life.

—The 67th annual meeting of the Synod of North Carolina will assemble in the First Presbyterian Church in Raleigh, on Wednesday evening, November 10th, at 7 o'clock.

OUR PLATFORM.—"The right of trial by jury, the habeas corpus, the liberty of the press, the freedom of speech, the natural rights of persons, and the rights of persons must be preserved."—HANCOCK.

—Sold out by the greenbackers is the cry of the Democrats in regard to the Indiana election. How many of our party are coquetting with Winston's party in North Carolina?

Tilden and Hayes Vote.
The popular vote for President in 1876 was—Tilden 3,277,449; Hayes, 4,013,609, and the electoral vote was as follows:

For Hayes.	For Tilden.
California.....6	Alabama.....10
Colorado.....3	Arkansas.....6
Illinois.....21	Connecticut.....6
Iowa.....11	Delaware.....3
Kansas.....5	Florida.....3
Maine.....7	Georgia.....11
Massachusetts.....13	Indiana.....15
Michigan.....11	Kentucky.....12
Minnesota.....5	Louisiana.....8
Nebraska.....3	Maryland.....6
Nevada.....3	Mississippi.....8
New Hampshire.....5	Missouri.....15
Ohio.....22	New Jersey.....9
Oregon.....3	New York.....35
Pennsylvania.....29	North Carolina.....12
Rhode Island.....2	Tennessee.....12
South Carolina.....8	Texas.....11
Vermont.....3	Virginia.....11
Wisconsin.....10	West Virginia.....5

Total.....173 Total.....196

Louisiana and Florida were fraudulently returned for Hayes and the Electoral Commission decided that it could not go behind the returns. That fraud gave Hayes 185 electoral votes and Tilden 184.

—Why is 'Kendall's Spavin Cure' so popular all over the world? Because it is just what it is advertised to be, and no man can afford to go without it. See the advertisement.

—It is a fact that horse dealers are buying horses with ringbones and spavins because they can make money by using 'Kendall's Spavin Cure.' Read the advertisement.

Happily Disappointed.
Disappointments are frequently given to bear, but having received letters almost daily from parties who have been "happily disappointed" we relate their experience which will be profitable for every one to remember. Thousands have written to the proprietors of Kendall's Spavin Cure, stating that they began using it without any faith that it would cure spavins, but had been happily disappointed as it had completely cured the spavin and removed the bunch without blistering, and after using it for various purposes, all state freely that they find it the very best liniment ever used for any lameness on beast or man. Please read the advertisement for Kendall's Spavin Cure.

PERFECTLY SAFE IN THE MOST INEXPERIENCED HANDS!
For Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera, AND ALL THOSE NUMEROUS TROUBLES OF THE STOMACH AND BOWELS SO PREVALENT AT THIS SEASON.

No Remedy known to the Medical Profession has been in use so long and with such uniformly satisfactory results as

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER

It has been used with such wonderful success in all parts of the world in the treatment of these difficulties, that it has come to be considered

AN UNFAILING CURE FOR ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS

and such it really is when taken in time and according to the very plain directions including each bottle. In such cases, the attack is usually sudden and frequently very acute; but with a few drops of this remedy, the sufferer is relieved, and the danger of the fatal result which so often follows is averted.

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It is recommended by Physicians, Nurses in Hospitals, and persons of all classes and professions who have had opportunity for observing the wonderful results which have always followed its use.

THE BEST EVIDENCE:
I have used PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER in all my family for many years, and I can say that it is the best remedy I have ever used for all the ailments of the stomach and bowels, and for all the ailments of the head and throat, and for all the ailments of the chest and lungs, and for all the ailments of the skin and the system generally. I have used it in all my family, and I can say that it is the best remedy I have ever used for all the ailments of the stomach and bowels, and for all the ailments of the head and throat, and for all the ailments of the chest and lungs, and for all the ailments of the skin and the system generally.

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PETERSON'S MAGAZINE is on our table for November, ahead of all others, and as good more and more improved. It is a wonder how this unrivalled lady's book can be published at such a price, yet always be getting better; but the secret, we suppose, lies in the anonymous circulation. The November issue leads off with a capital steel engraving, "Missy in the Sulks," and is followed by one of those double-size steel fashion plates, superbly colored, only seen in this periodical. Then comes a weird engraving, "The Moated Manor House," illustrating a powerful story; and then comes a capital steel engraving, "The Queen of Scots," a profusely illustrated article on that unhappy Queen; and there are tales, besides, and novels, and, &c. With this number appears the Prospectus for 1881, when *the Original Novels* will be given, and in addition a hundred shorter stories. A series of brilliantly illustrated articles will also appear. Also a *Paper Pattern for a Dress*, every month. The price of "Peterson" is but Two Dollars a year, or less than any other first-class magazine, postage free. To club the terms are even lower, viz: two copies for \$3.50, with a superb, copyright mezzotint (size 24 inches by 20) "Granfather Tells of Yorktown," or an Illustrated Album, Quarto Gilt, as a premium. Or four

